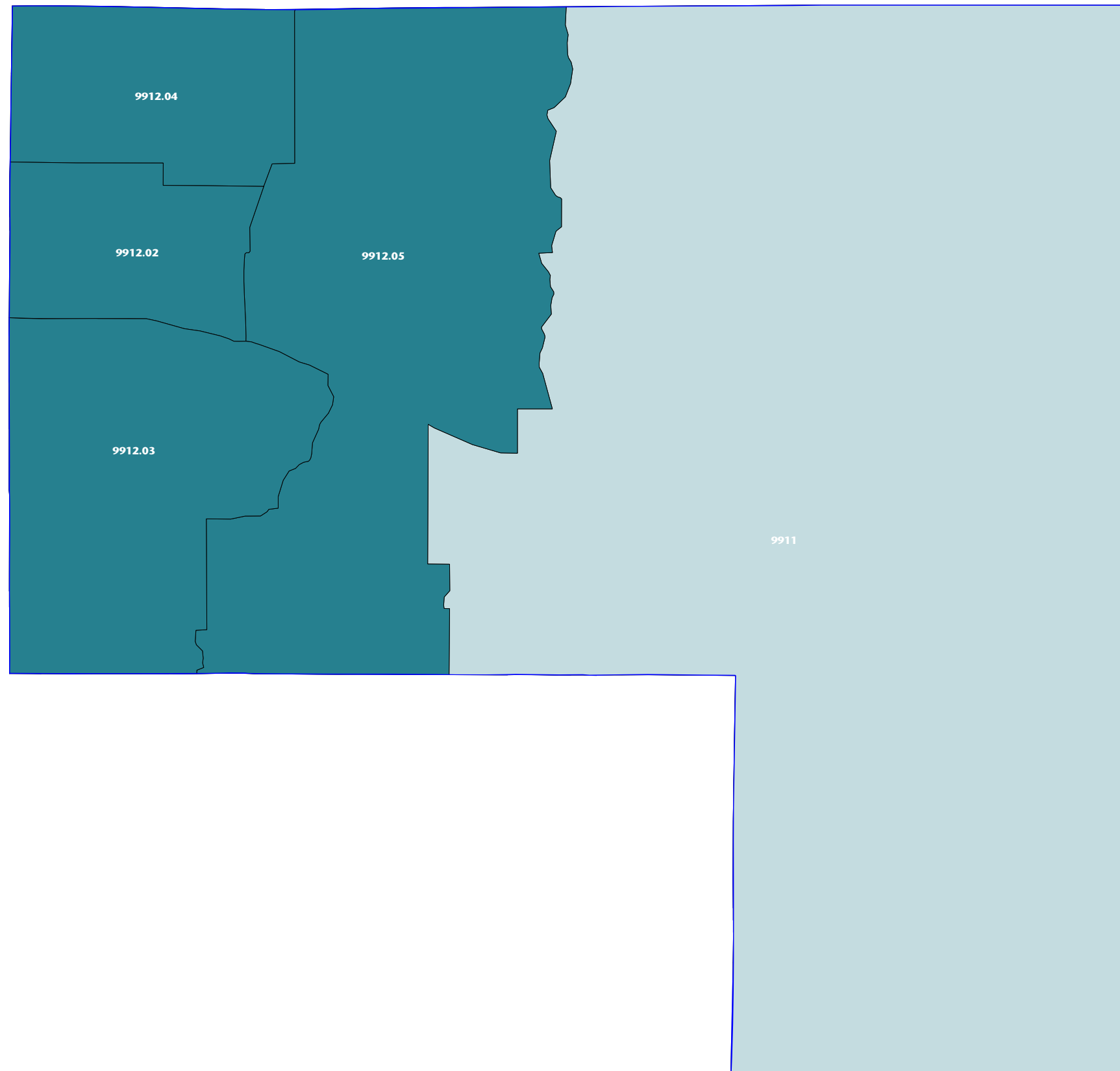


# Elbert County

## Percent of Owner Occupied Households with New NED Filings 3rd Quarter 2009 by Census Tract



### Percent of New NED Filings

- 3% and higher
- 1% to 2.99%
- 0.8% to 0.99%
- 0.5% to 0.79%
- 0% to 0.49%

### County Boundary



### CensusTract Boundary



% of new NED filings based on 2000 Census Tract demographics



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people live and work*



	Public Trustee Data			Census 2000 Data (note: using Census 2000 data overestimates % units with NED filings in high growth tracts)										
Census Tract (Elbert County)	# properties with Notice of Election and Demand (NED) filings Q3 2009	NED Unpaid Principal Balance Q3 2009	% Owner Occupied Housing Units with NED filings	Total Population	% Population White	% Population African American	% Population Native American	% Population Asian	% Population Hispanic or Latino	Average Household Size	# Occupied Housing Units	# Owner Occupied Housing Units	# Renter Occupied Housing Units	Median Income 1999
009911	8	\$1,404,698	1.5%	1880	94.8%	0.2%	1.2%	0.1%	4.5%	2.61	709	533	176	\$35,662
9912.02	30	\$6,832,218	1.5%	6506	95.4%	0.4%	0.6%	0.5%	3.9%	2.96	2199	2063	136	\$66,958
9912.03	22	\$7,066,036	1.5%	5033	95.3%	0.6%	0.6%	0.2%	3.9%	2.91	1724	1449	275	\$60,615
9912.04	17	\$5,803,895	1.1%	4874	95.2%	1.2%	0.5%	0.4%	3.5%	3.07	1589	1543	46	\$78,259
9912.05	6	\$1,655,472	1.3%	1579	94.7%	0.9%	0.6%	0.5%	3.7%	2.88	549	477	72	\$50,395
Total Elbert County	83	\$22,762,320	1.4%	19,872	95.2%	0.6%	0.6%	0.4%	3.9%	2.93	6,770	6,065	705	\$62,480
Elbert County 2005-2007 American Community Survey 3 year data set				22,596	93.7%	1.1%	0.8%	0.6%	5.3%	2.81	8,035	7,099	936	\$71,473



## notice of election and demand data methodology

### Project Summary

To assist local governments in visualizing new quarterly residential foreclosure filings in their area, CHFA aggregated Public Trustee-reported Notice of Election and Demand (NED) filings and reported unpaid principal balance amounts by census tract. Census tract maps represent new residential foreclosure filings for the calendar quarter as a percent of owner-occupied households in that tract. Charts include NED filing summary data and Census 2000 data by census tract as well as the most recent Census American Community Survey for the county.

### Data Availability

After a mortgage loan is declared to be in default, a lender or servicer may start foreclosure proceedings. The first step in the foreclosure process is the filing of a Notice of Election and Demand (NED) with the county Public Trustee. Each county in Colorado has a Public Trustee who processes foreclosure actions and makes NED data available to the public. Several Colorado Public Trustees have their county data available on their websites. This data includes the property address and the reported unpaid principal balance amounts. For this project, CHFA staff downloaded the Public Trustee data from the various websites and performed data aggregation and mapping by census tract.

### Disclaimer

As disclaimed on the Public Trustee websites, Public Trustee data is deemed reliable; however, accuracy is not guaranteed. Such information was used by CHFA to produce these maps and charts. CHFA is not able to assert or guarantee the accuracy of the information it secured from the Public Trustee websites and furthermore acknowledges substantial limitations in the assumptions, aggregation, and methodology used to prepare these estimates. User accepts all risks of error and inaccuracy when using the estimates, information, or aggregates described in this project.

### Data Aggregation and Limitations of the Methodology

NED data includes commercial property, residential property, and vacant land.

The intent of this project was to focus on information concerning residential properties in the process of foreclosure. Duplicate filings were removed. Multiple foreclosures on one property were combined so that each property was reflected only once in the filing count. Vacant land, when identifiable, was excluded from the data aggregation. For commercial property, an assumption was made that the majority of commercial properties in foreclosure are valued at \$500,000 or more. Each NED filing greater than \$500,000 was compared to county assessor data, and commercial properties were excluded from the data. Properties under \$500,000 that had an LLC or other business entity listed as an owner were compared to assessor data and excluded from the data.

if they were commercial properties. It was not possible under budget and time restraints to analyze each property; therefore, it is possible that some vacant land and some commercial property foreclosures under \$500,000 are included in the data and identified as owner-occupied properties in foreclosure.

The number of NED filings in a census tract was compared to the number of owner-occupied housing units in the tract based on the 2000 Census data. It is important to interpret these results noting that there have been local housing changes since the 2000 Census. In particular, the foreclosure rate in high growth census tracts may overestimate the actual foreclosure rate in that tract.

As a point of reference for a quarterly foreclosure rate, the Mortgage Bankers Association National Delinquency Survey reported a 0.87 percent 1Q 2008 foreclosure started rate for Colorado. The MBA number represents the number of foreclosure starts in the quarter divided by the total number of loans serviced in Colorado.

For questions about the project or a more detailed methodology document, please contact Jerilynn Martinez at 303.297.7427 or [jmartinez@chfainfo.com](mailto:jmartinez@chfainfo.com).